Technology Transfer at HBCUs



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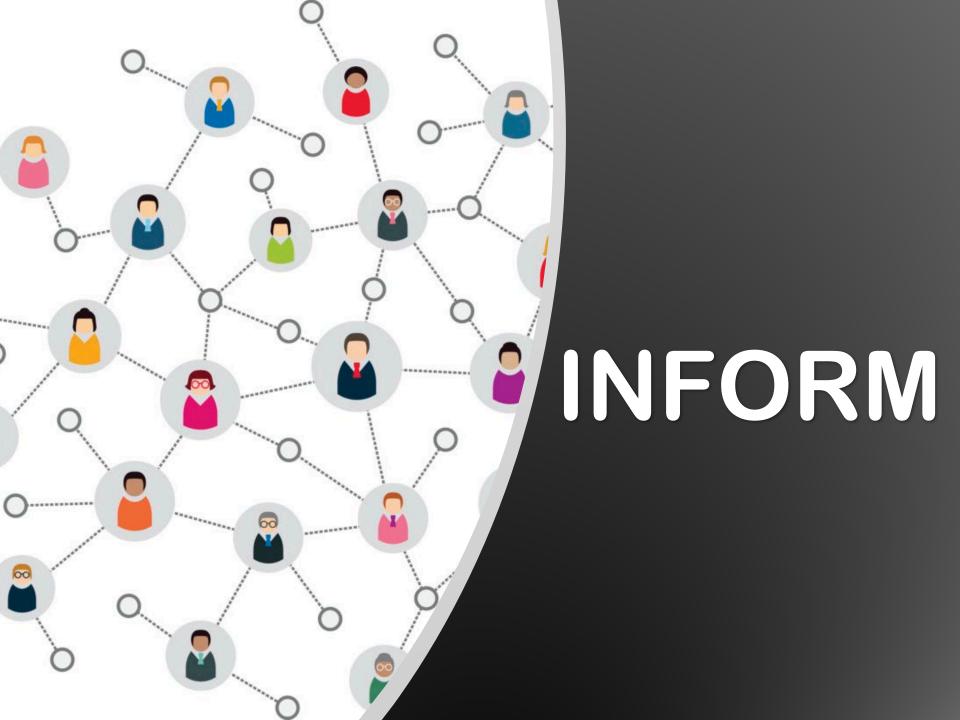
https://isearch.asu.edu/profile/3333499



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What is Intellectual Property?

Intellectual Property (IP) = creation of the mind

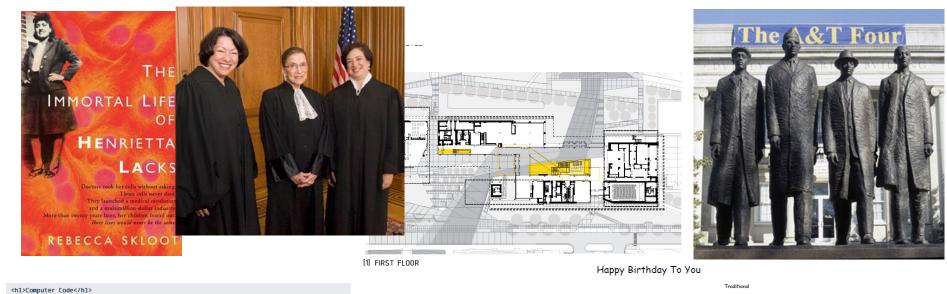
- inventions
- literary and artistic works
- symbols, names, images, and designs

WHY can you protect IP?

United States Constitution, Article 1, Section 8:

Allows Congress to "promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries."

Copyright C







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var origtitle = "Did you know kids are learning about computer coding?";

videoplayer.embedPlayer('vplayer',origurl,null,null,origtitle,false);

<script type="text/javascript" src="jquery-1.7.1.min.js"></script> <script type="text/javascript" src="videoplayer.js"></script></script></script></script></script>

var publishedDate = "20130326"; //reverse date format

var origurl = publishedDate+" computercode hi.mp4";

videoplayer.onStateChange = function(vplayer.state){

} else if (state=="STOPPED_STATE" || state=="PAUSE_STATE") {

<script type="text/javascript">

videoplayer.smooth = true; videoplayer.wmode = "opaque";

if (state=="PLAY_STATE") { \$("#kiosk h1").fadeOut();

3 </script>

//to handle the title overlay.

\$("#kiosk h1").fadeIn();



Who owns the copyright?

"created on your own"

- Not in scope of employment
- Not with an employee
- No Substantial Use of University resources



AGREEMENT

Bound by the terms of agreement

- 'Work for hire' = employer-owned
- □ If not explicit, then = creator-owned



Trademarks

word, phrase, symbol, or design source of goods <u>in the marketplace</u>

Natuculture in Science Magazine















What is a trade secret?

Information having economic value from NOT being publicly known

 formula, pattern, compilation, device, method, technique, recipe, customer list, process

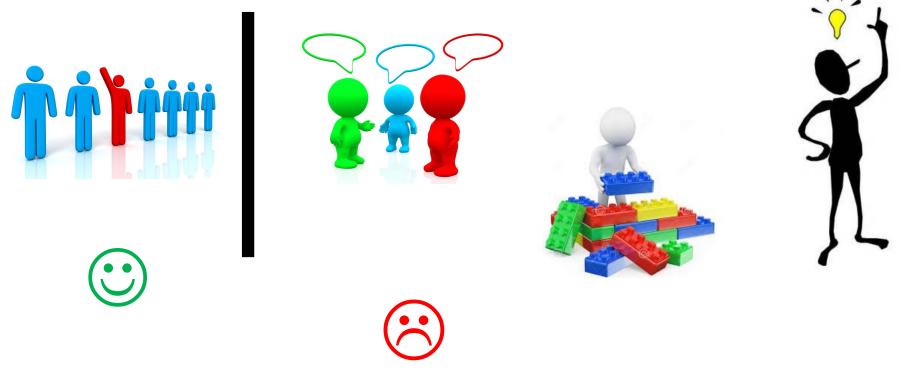


How valuable is a trade secret?

Can last forever

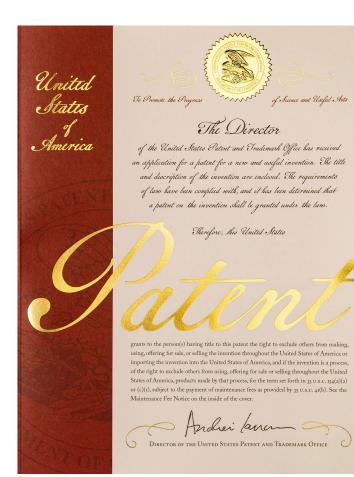
No requirement to share

Only valuable to the extent it is kept secret



Is a trade secret consistent with a university mission?

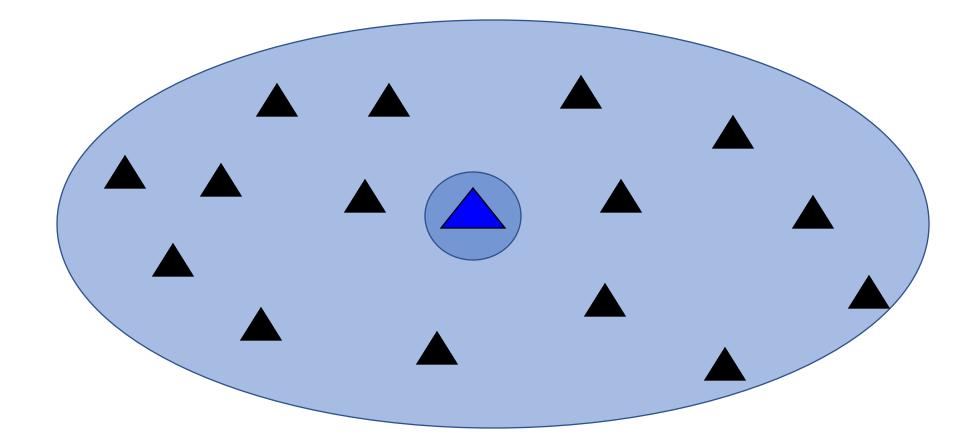
What is a Patent?



A contract between the patent holder and the government

- inventor provides a detailed disclosure of the "invention"
- Patent holder receives ~20 years to <u>exclude others from</u>
 - making
 - using
 - offering for sale
 - selling
 - importing
 - the claimed invention
- US patent rights stop at US border

Drafting a patent application Support full claim scope





What Do I Need for a Patent?

Invention

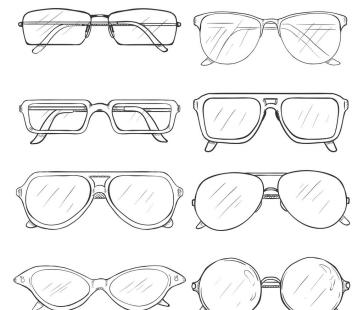
- Utility = process, machine, manufactures, composition of matter or improvements
- **Design** = ornamental (what does something LOOK like?)
- **Plant** = asexually reproduced new plant species
- Useful
- Novel
- Non-Obvious
- Application
 - Written-description
 - Enabled
 - Best Mode

Money

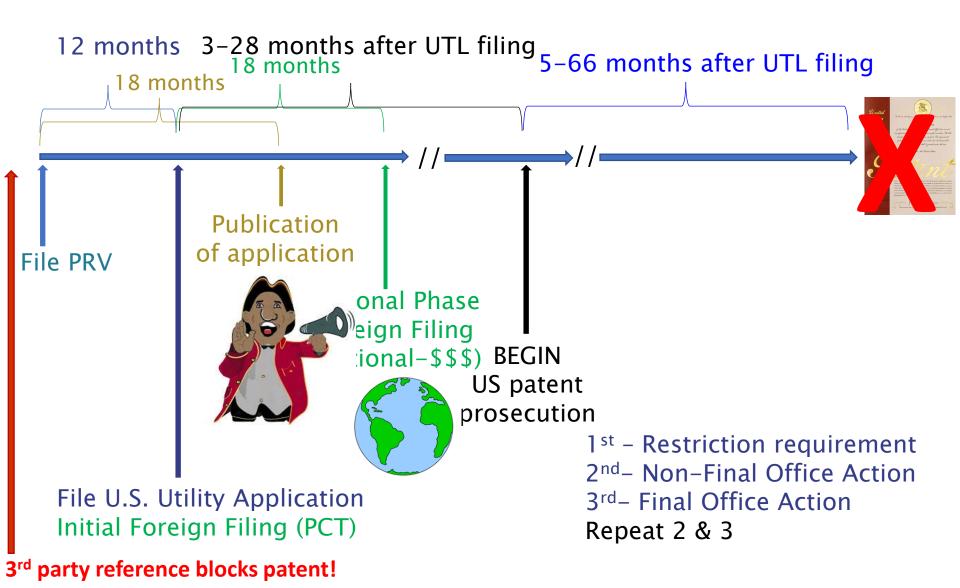
\$10,000 - \$75,000 (usually \$20-\$40K)



U.S. PP7197 U. Minnesota



Patience!



Should you search for 3rd party art?

YES! As well as you can

- Scientific literature
 - GoogleScholar
 - ISI Web of Science
 - Proquest- theses + dissertations
- Federally funded projects
 - projectreporter.NIH.gov
 - NSF.gov/awardsearch
 - DODgrantawards.dtic.mil/grants/#/home
 - pamspublic.science.ENERGY.gov
 - www.sbir.gov/sbirsearch/award/all
- National/regional meetings
 - Posters, abstracts (lunches, dinners and/or zoom meetings!)

Patents- applications and issued patents

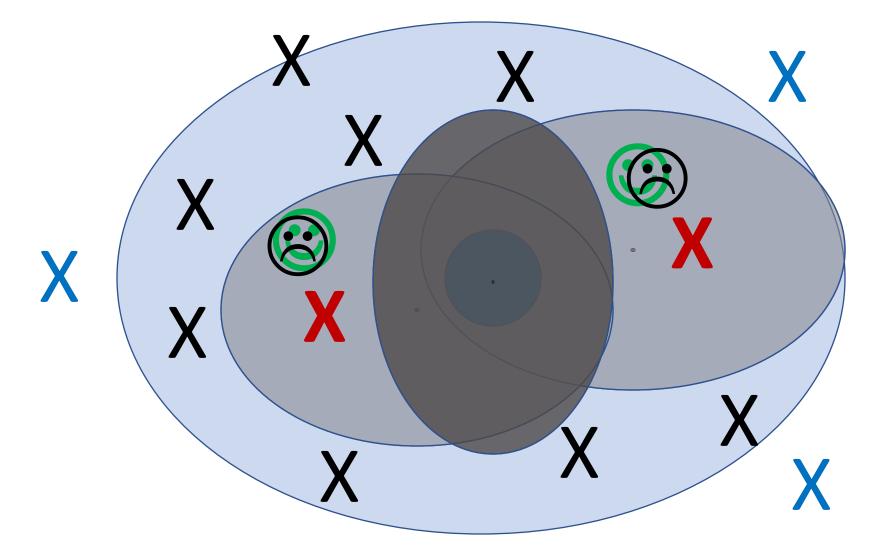
GooglePatents

- ScienceDirect
- Review articles
- Bibliographies

Patents are Business Tools

Drafting a patent application

= protect commercial embodiments



Who is an inventor?

Different than authorship

- listed order has no legal significance
- not a 'set of hands'

Contribute to conception of the operative claimed

- inver 🔆 🖓 n
 - Do r vero work in the same place or at the same time
 Do r vero make an <u>equal</u> contribution
 - $\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{a}}$ ave to contribute to every patent claim Do r
 - One dependent claim, even one fraction of one dependent claim



Should the University apply for a patent? Commercializability NOT just technical merit

What market <u>need</u> is addressed?

Is invention <u>better</u> than current product/service?
Is invention easily adopted?
What are competing price points?

What is the <u>size</u> of the market?
 Is there an established customer base?

How long will the invention be relevant?
 Time to...Get a patent? Find a partner? Get to market?

Can university researchers get a patent?

Yes! Patents align with funding priorities

NIH = Is the project original and Innovative? **NSF** = Targeting transformative research

Knowing the field <u>well</u> leads to:

Stronger proposal/patent application

- Distinguish this work from others
- Learn what is going on in <u>companies</u> (18 months ago)
- Have you already been scooped?
- Identify additional aspects to research/claim

Identify other players

Potential licensees/competitors

Identify dominating work

- Can you practice the invention?
- Does your work fill a gap in someone else's?

When is a patent/application valuable?

Some value every step in the process

- Provisional Patent Application
 - Freedom to talk to prospective parties
 - Vote of confidence from university (some expense)
- Utility Patent Application
 - Typically published (and therefore searchable)
 - Bigger vote of confidence from university (more expensive)
 - VC diligence = "people count better than they read"

Issued U.S. Patent

- Pro- scope of patent protection is clear
- Con- scope of patent protection is clear
- Patent Families (and picket fences)
 - Platform technologies true sweet spot
 - Strongest position = issued US patent + pending child (novelty AND opportunity)

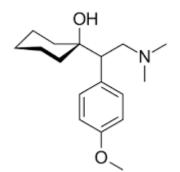
Consider a dominating patent 'Freedom to Operate'

Your patent claim

A method for decreasing the number, duration, frequency, or intensity of gout flares comprising administering venlafaxine to a patient in need thereof.

Prior art patent claim:

• A compound of formula:

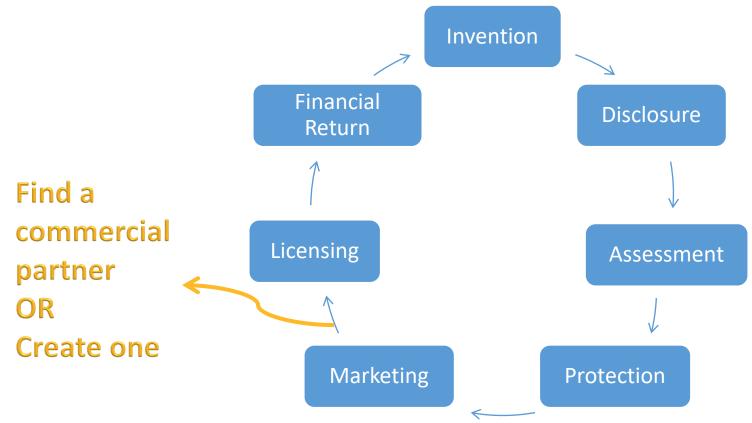


Uh oh! This is venlavaxine!

Your invention is novel and non-obvious- you can get a patent!

Your invention cannot be practiced without **infringing** earlier valid patent claim.

You have a patent/application. You understand the landscape. What's next?



Finding a commercial partner Researchers as prospectors/sales people

- Consider your contacts from regional/national meetings
- Consider your prior art search (Journals + patents + federal awards)
 - •What companies are active in your space?
 - Who are effective points of contact in those companies?
 - Large companies may not be nimble or willing to scale up benchtop research

•What is your pitch? Why should the company be interested in your tech?

Creating a commercial partner

Researchers as entrepreneurs

Consider relevant University policies

- IP policy
- COI Policy
 - "COI and Commitment in Research"
 - "Public Health Funded Research & Cooperative Agreements"

Consider your business needs

- Do you need to license university IP?
- Do you need to use university facilities?
- Do you need a business mentor?
- Do you need money?

Creating a commercial partner Finding (and using) your resources

NSF I-Corps (regional or national)

- customer discovery, market validation & value proposition
- gain insight into starting a business or industry requirements/challenges
- Campus + Community entrepreneurship programs Small Business (Technology) Development Centers

YOU'VE MADE IT THIS FAR	PROGRAMS					
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TAKING [‡] LEAP	TRIAD NAVIGATOR	Capital CONNECTS	STRATEGY SCRUBS SESSION Need specific advice? These one-on-	FIRST LAUNCH		
NOW LET'S TAKE THE LEAP	An entrepreneur's guide to connection, support, and events in the Triad.	opportunities for investors and connections to startups seeking capital.	one sessions help beginner and serial entrepreneurs alike.	A seed-stage venture fund created to drive economic development and job creation to create a more robust start-up community.		

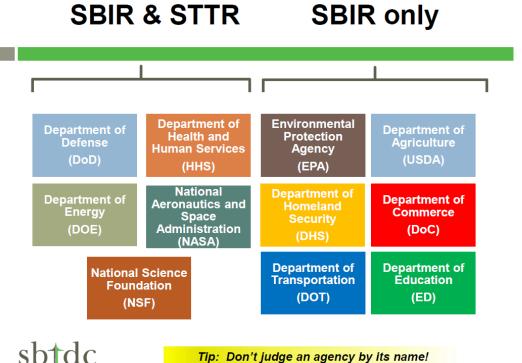
Creating a commercial partner

Finding money (SBIR/STTR grants)

Small biz develop/commercialize innovative solutions to agency/public need with significant market potential

Small biz is the awardee

- for-profit, 51% owned by individuals, under 500 employees
- 50% of awards go to biz of less than 10 people



- Federal Agencies with R&D budgets>\$100M
- 1 in 9 SBIR funded companies attract equity financing

Tip: Don't judge an agency by its name!

STTR/SBIR Funding 3 Phase program

Phase I

Concept Development 6 months ➤ \$150,000 - \$250,000 Award rate 15-20%

Phase II Prototype Development 24 months >\$1.0– \$1.5M Award rate 35-40%

Phase III Commercialization No SBIR funding

*****TALK** to program officers– some agencies require it. ALL recommend it.

Creating a commercial partner More on STTR

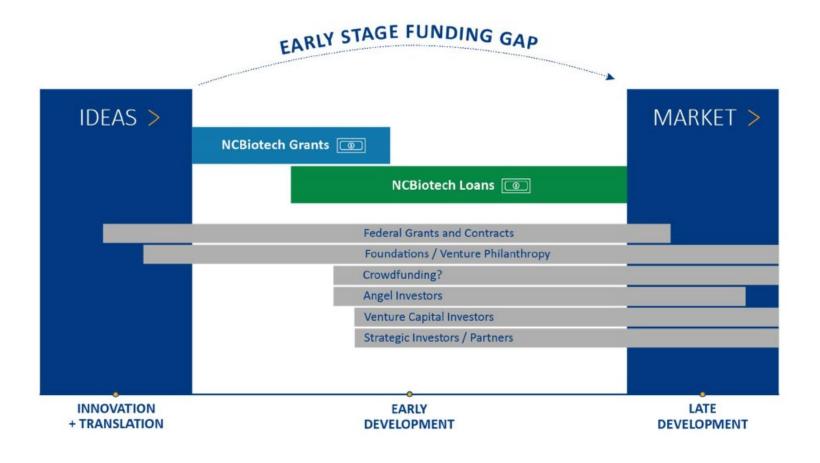
Facilitates cooperative R&D between small biz and research institutions

University spin-out "friendly" mechanism

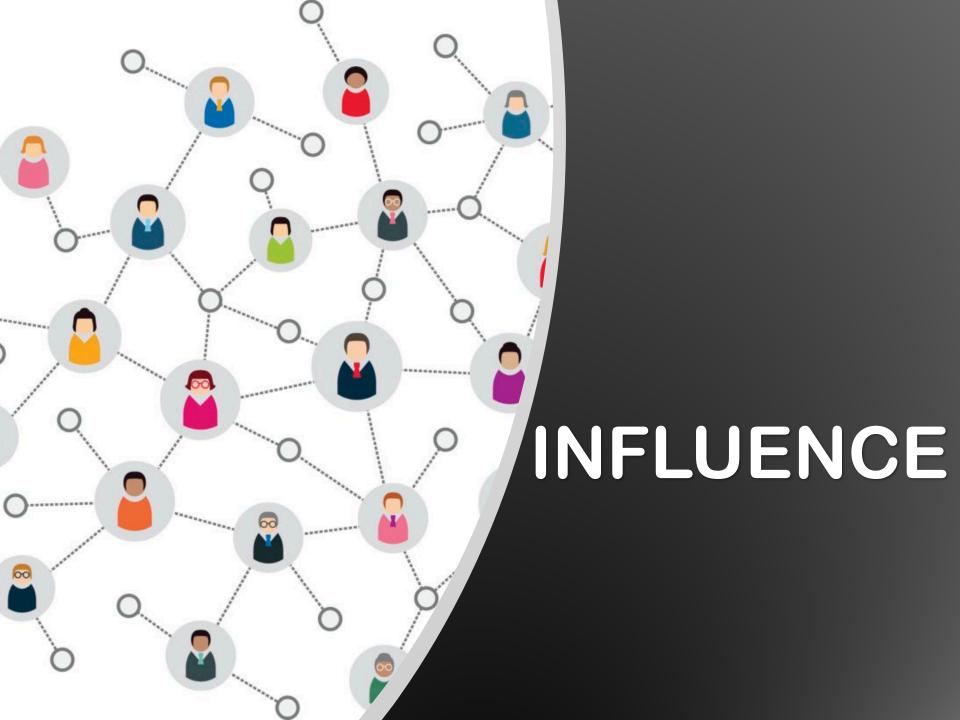
- PI can be majority employed by University (but not 100%)
- Small business is the awardee
 - University = up to 60% of work; Small Biz = at least 40%

Creating a commercial partner Look everywhere for funding

NC Biotechnology Center



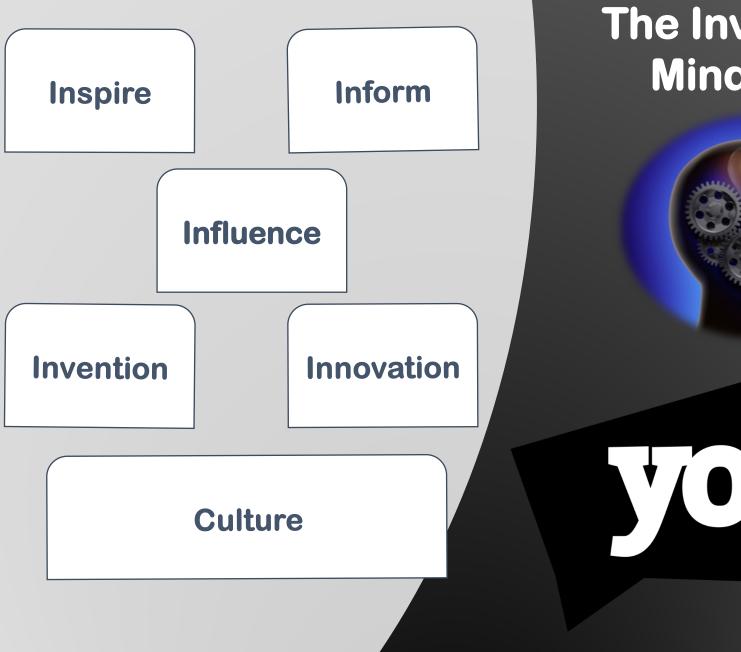






- Questions
 - How many times did it take getting it wrong to get it right?
 - If I am a first time Inventor, where can I get help?
 - Were you scared to share your ideas incase others might take them?





The Inventor Mindset